

"The Voice of Oregon's Wheat Producers Since 1926"



OREGON WHEAT GROWERS LEAGUE

115 SE 8th Street Pendleton, OR 97801 541.276.7330 www.owgl.org
Blake Rowe, Outgoing Chief Executive Officer, browe@oregonwheat.org
Amanda Hoey, Incoming Chief Executive Officer, ahoey@oregonwheat.org

Issues and Priorities for 2020

Economic conditions in Oregon Wheat Country are very tough

- Wheat prices are low, below the cost of production for many farmers
- Costs are up across the board; higher wage and benefit costs, higher fuel costs, higher pesticide and fertilizer costs, higher equipment costs, and higher state taxes.
- Conservation programs are providing less effective support
- Higher regulatory burdens, demands for "sustainable" practices, lower carbon emissions, less access to pesticides
- Compensation for trade disruptions have not made farmers whole
- Economic sustainability is the foundation of environmental sustainability

Farmers must continue to have access to Glyphosate

- Glyphosate is an <u>irreplaceable</u> tool for farmers!
 - Single most important herbicide for no-till wheat farming
 - Very safe to use for both applicators and public
- Glyphosate is a critical part of integrated pest management
- Glyphosate and other pesticides are vital to precision agriculture and no-till farming, which
 are the two best strategies for wheat producers to reduce carbon emissions.
- Monsanto's poor public image is no reason to drive this product from the market.
- Mob style litigation is creating uncertainty for suppliers and growers/applicators and creating concern for consumers, food producers, and export customers.
- Some insurers are uncertain about covering farms and applicators who use glyphosate and are excluding glyphosate from coverage or raising premiums to include its use in farm policies.
 - Need administrative protection for suppliers, farmers, and applicators who use glyphosate!

• Resilient Dry and Farming Appropriation (RDLFA) - Funding

- RDLFA will provide funding and new scientists needed for important research on dryland wheat production, soil health, precision farming, and enhanced water storage. ARS-Pendleton facility in the heart of the Columbia Plateau is the best place for this work.
- Synergy with OSU researchers working on plant and soil pathology, weed resistance, and wheat breeding will be greatly enhanced by RDLFA.

 We need to fill the new ARS scientific positions on a priority basis to get the maximum benefit from RDLFA.

Rural Infrastructure Package

- Accelerate the buildout of rural broadband and ensure high data speeds and data security needed for precision ag equipment and applications is provided.
 - More cell towers and better coverage
 - Research facilities, including CBARC, need high speed coverage to handle "big" data
 - Data security is critical
 - Need better metric to determine when an area has broadband coverage too many areas with coverage aren't really meeting the needs of rural farms and residents.

Develop a crop insurance product to help growers manage the risk of administrative water withdrawals

- O Growers are increasingly being impacted by administrative withdrawals of water for irrigation that are driven by changing water allocations, ESA requirements, and over-allocated basins, rather than declared drought emergencies.
- Administrative withdrawals leave growers exposed to severe or total crop production losses, but no recourse to normal crop insurance coverage to help manage risk.
- We would like legislative direction to USDA Risk Management Agency to do a study and develop a crop insurance product that could be made available to growers to help manage risk of loss from administrative water withdrawals.
 - Study should include consideration of premium cost to growers with and without shared cost of policy premium.
 - Recommend the Klamath Basin as a potential pilot study area

• Complete work on a new Waters of the U.S. (WOTUS) Rule

- New rule proposal provides significant improvements to existing rule
- o Definitions are easier to apply and provide more certainty for farmers
- Need one rule for the entire country

• Continue to seek solutions to high health insurance costs for family farms

- Premiums and deductibles for individual coverage are high and rising rapidly.
 - Premiums range from \$300 to \$1100/month, with most toward the higher end.
 - Deductibles range from \$6,500 to \$10,000.
 - Best way to reduce cost is through group coverage from a working spouse's employer.
- Close to the point where many individual farms can't survive without non-farm source of health insurance coverage.
- We would like to see how to make Association Health Plans more feasible for individual owner/operators.